AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 24, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 3, 2000

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2107

Introduced by Assembly Member Scott

February 22, 2000

An act to add Section 6177 to the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 785 of, and to add Sections 789.8 and 789.9 to, the Insurance Code, to amend Section 368 of the Penal Code, and to amend Section 15610.30 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to elder abuse.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2107, as amended, Scott. Elder abuse.

(1) Existing law permits a lawyer to sell financial products to a client who is an elder or dependent adult with whom the lawyer has or has had, within the preceding 3 years, an attorney-client relationship, if the transaction is fair and reasonable to the client and the lawyer provides the client with a specified disclosure.

This bill would prohibit a lawyer from selling an annuity, as defined, to an elder with whom the lawyer has or has had an attorney-client relationship.

(2) Existing law imposes on all insurers, brokers, agents, and others engaged in the transaction of insurance with a prospective insured who is age 65 years or older, a duty of

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honesty, good faith, and fair dealing, and exempts specified kinds of insurance policies from these obligations.

This bill would repeal the exemptions, and would require in the sale of financial products to elders for long-term care planning that specified disclosures be made. The bill would only permit a licensed life agent who has a National Association of Securities Dealers Series 7 license and who is either a certified financial planner or certified financial analyst to advise about and sell to an elder or his or her agent to purchase financial products for long-term care planning with the proceeds from the sale of assets. The bill would only permit those life agents to sell or offer for sale to an elder or his or her agent any financial product on the basis of the product's treatment under Medi-Cal after making specified disclosures. The bill would also provide that an elder applicant for any annuity has a right to rescind the application for 30 days, as specified.

(3) Existing law makes it a crime to violate specified penal provisions proscribing theft or embezzlement relating to the property of elders and dependent adults, and makes it a felony when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding \$400.

This bill would make it a felony if that value exceeded \$100, thereby expanding the definition of a crime and imposing a state-mandated local program. Existing law prohibits conflicts of interest between an attorney and client.

This bill would prohibit a financial services agent, as specified, from entering into a compensated referral arrangement with a lawyer who offers legal services to that agent's client or agent.

(4) Existing law defines financial abuse for the purpose of reporting and investigating elder and dependent adult abuse.

This bill would revise that definition.

(5) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: —yes no. State-mandated local program: yes no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 6177 is added to the Business and 1 Professions Code, to read:
- 6177. (a) For purposes of this section, "annuity" 3 means those annuity contracts, including period-certain annuities issued by a life insurer, that require for their lawful issuance a certificate of authority from the Insurance Commissioner.
- (b) Notwithstanding Section 6175.3, a lawyer may not 9 sell an annuity to an elder with whom the lawyer has or 10 has had an attorney-client relationship. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a lawyer from 12 providing to an elder with whom the lawyer has or has 13 had an attorney-client relationship advice with regard to 14 the purchase or sale of an annuity.
- SEC. 2. Section 785 of the Insurance Code is amended 15 16 to read:
- 17 785. (a) All insurers, brokers, agents, and others 18 engaged in the transaction of insurance owe 19 prospective insured who is age 65 years or older, a duty 20 of honesty, good faith, and fair dealing. This duty is in addition to any other duty, whether express or implied, 22 that may exist.
- (b) Conduct of an insurer, broker, or agent, or other 24 person engaged in the transaction of insurance, during the offer and sale of a policy or certificate previous to the purchase is relevant to any action alleging a breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- SEC. 3. Section 789.8 is added to the Insurance Code, 28 29 to read:

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- 30 789.8. (a) Only a licensed life agent who has a 31 National Association of Securities Dealers Series 7 license
- 32 and who is a certified financial planner or certified
- financial analyst may advise about and sell to an elder, or
- the elder's agent, to purchase financial products for
- 35 long-term care planning with the proceeds from the sale

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of any stock, bond, IRA, certificate of deposit, mutual fund, annuity, or other asset.

- (b) "Elder" for purposes of this section means any person residing in this state, 65 years of age or older.
- (c) The life agent shall advise an elder or elder's agent 6 orally and in writing that the sale of any stock, bond, IRA, certificate of deposit, mutual fund, annuity, or other asset may have tax consequences, early withdrawal penalties, or other costs or penalties as a result of the liquidation, 10 and that the elder or elder's agent may wish to consult independent legal or financial advice before liquidating any assets.
- (d) The life agent may not misrepresent the treatment 14 of any asset under the statutes and rules and regulations 15 of the Medi-Cal as it pertains to the program, 16 determination of eligibility for any program of public assistance.
- (e) The life agent may not offer for sale or sell any 19 financial product on the basis of the product's treatment 20 under the Medi-Cal program without first fully disclosing 21 to the elder or the elder's agent the treatment under the 22 statutes and rules and regulations of the Medi-Cal 23 program in effect at the time of the sale of any assets used 24 to purchase, or any assets liquidated in order to purchase, 25 the financial product. The disclosure shall include, but is 26 not limited to, the treatment of the home, community 27 spouse allowance, community resource minimum 28 monthly maintenance need allowance, pensions, 29 IRAs. The disclosure shall also include whether income, 30 if any, generated by the financial product will affect the 31 share of cost for Medi-Cal, and whether, after the elder's 32 death, the remainder interest, if any, will be subject to estate recovery under the rules and regulations 34 statutes in effect at the time of the sale.
- (f) An elder applicant for an annuity has the right to 36 rescind the application within 30 days of receipt of the policy or receipt of all the disclosures required by this section, whichever occurs later. Upon rescinding the application, the elder shall be refunded any premiums paid with no proration and no deduction for sales charges.

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For a sale of an annuity to an elder, the notice of the right to rescind shall be affixed to the policy and the applicant shall also be provided a separate disclosure of the right to rescind. The application shall be void unless the applicant has acknowledged on the application receipt of the 5 separate disclosure. 6

SEC. 4. Section 789.9 is added to the Insurance Code,

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789.9. A financial services agent, including, but not 10 limited to, an insurance agent or broker, mortgage broker, real estate broker, or securities broker, may not enter into a compensated referral arrangement with any lawyer who offers legal services to that agent's client or agent.

SEC. 5. Section 368 of the Penal Code is amended to 16 read:

368. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that crimes against elders and dependent adults are deserving of special consideration and protection, not unlike the special protections provided for minor children, because elders and dependent adults may be confused, on various medications, mentally or physically impaired, or incompetent, and therefore less able to protect themselves, to understand or report criminal conduct, or to testify in court proceedings on their own behalf.

(b) (1) Any person who, under circumstances or conditions likely to produce great bodily harm or death, willfully causes or permits any elder or dependent adult, with knowledge that he or she is an elder or a dependent adult, to suffer, or inflicts thereon unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering, or having the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult, willfully causes or permits the person or health of the elder or dependent adult to be injured, or willfully causes or permits the elder or dependent adult to be placed in a situation in which his or her person or health is endangered, is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison for two, three, or four years.

(2) If in the commission of an offense described in paragraph (1), the victim suffers great bodily injury, as AB 2107 — 6 —

1 defined in subdivision (e) of Section 12022.7, the 2 defendant shall receive an additional term in the state 3 prison as follows:

- (A) Three years if the victim is under 70 years of age.
- (B) Five years if the victim is 70 years of age or older.
- (3) If in the commission of an offense described in paragraph (1), the defendant proximately causes the death of the victim, the defendant shall receive an additional term in the state prison as follows:
 - (A) Five years if the victim is under 70 years of age.
 - (B) Seven years if the victim is 70 years of age or older.
- (e) Any person who, under circumstances or conditions other than those likely to produce great bodily harm or death, willfully causes or permits any elder or dependent adult, with knowledge that he or she is an elder or a dependent adult, to suffer, or inflicts thereon unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering, or having the care or custody of any elder or dependent adult, willfully causes or permits the person or health of the elder or dependent adult to be injured or willfully causes or permits the elder or dependent adult to be placed in a situation in which his or her person or health may be endangered, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (d) Any person who is not a caretaker who violates any provision of law proscribing theft or embezzlement, with respect to the property of an elder or dependent adult, and who knows or reasonably should know that the victim is an elder or dependent adult, is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison for two, three, or four years, when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100); and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment, when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100).
- (e) Any caretaker of an elder or a dependent adult who violates any provision of law proscribing theft or embezzlement, with respect to the property of that elder

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or dependent adult, is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or in the state prison for two, three, or four years when the money, labor, or 4 real or personal property taken is of a value exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100), and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment, when the money, labor, or real or personal property taken is of a value not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100).

- (f) Any person who commits the false imprisonment of an elder or dependent adult by the use of violence, menace, fraud, or deceit is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years.
- (g) As used in this section, "elder" means any person who is 65 years of age or older.
- (h) As used in this section, "dependent adult" means any person who is between the ages of 18 and 64, who has physical or mental limitations which restrict his or her ability to carry out normal activities or to protect his or her rights, including, but not limited to, persons who have physical or developmental disabilities or whose physical or mental abilities have diminished because of age. "Dependent adult" includes any person between the ages of 18 and 64 who is admitted as an inpatient to a 24-hour health facility, as defined in Sections 1250, 1250.2, and 1250.3 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (i) As used in this section, "caretaker" means any person who has the care, custody, or control of, or who stands in a position of trust with, an elder or a dependent
- (j) Nothing in this section shall preclude prosecution under both this section and Section 187 or 12022.7 or any other provision of law. However, a person shall not receive an additional term of imprisonment under both paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (b) for any single offense, nor shall a person receive an additional term of imprisonment under both Section 12022.7 and paragraph (2) or (3) of subdivision (b) for any single offense.

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SEC. 5. Section 15610.30 of 1 the Welfare and Institutions Code is amended to read:

- 15610.30. (a) "Financial abuse" of an elder or dependent adult occurs when a person or entity does any of the following:
- (1) Takes, secretes, or appropriates real or personal property of an elder or dependent adult to a wrongful use or with intent to defraud, or both.
- (2) Assists in taking, secreting, or appropriating real or 10 personal property of an elder or dependent adult to a wrongful use or with intent to defraud, or both.
- (3) Continues to hold the real or personal property of 13 an elder or dependent adult, or fails to take reasonable 14 steps to make the real or personal property readily available to the elder or dependent adult, to his or her 16 representative, or to a court appointed receiver, under the following conditions:
- (A) The person or entity has possession of or control of 19 or access to the real or personal property that belongs to, 20 or is held in express trust, constructive trust, or resulting trust for, the elder or dependent adult.
- (B) The elder or dependent adult or his or her 23 representative requests the person or entity to transfer the real or personal property to the elder or dependent adult, or to his or her representative, or to a court appointed receiver.
 - person (C) The or entity takes. secretes, appropriates the real or personal property to a wrongful use or with intent to defraud.
 - (b) For purposes of this section, "representative" means a person or entity that is either of the following:
 - (1) A conservator, trustee, or other representative of the estate of an elder or dependent adult.
 - (2) An attorney-in-fact of an elder or dependent adult who acts within the authority of the power of attorney.
- SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act 37 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 38 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred 40 because this act creates a new crime or infraction,

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- 1 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 2 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section
- 3 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 4 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article
- 5 XIII B of the California Constitution.